The background features a large, abstract graphic composed of several overlapping, thick, curved lines. On the left, there are green and yellow-green loops. On the right, there are blue and teal loops. The lines are smooth and rounded, creating a sense of movement and depth.

Recognition assembly – Years 4, 5 & 6
28th February 2025

The Maya - 25.02.25

maya beliefs

The maya believed the 5 most important gods were (chaac - maize god)

- its'ama - k'inich ahau - Kukulcán

The three ways maya sacrificed were (pushed them down the temple - cut their head off - cut their heart out.)

The ways you could get to the heavens are (being a priest - being a sacrifice - at die. dying in battle.

a game of football was significant because if you lost you could get sacrificed.

^{daily life} the maya civilisation were in these countries of salvador guatemala belize honduras mexico.

the maya lived in wooden houses with thatched roofs they were oval shaped houses with a ramp give in the middle they also built temples.

the maya temples were important because there were 4 sides each side had 91 steps and there's 1 big one at the top that means there's 365 steps and there's 365 days in a year.

proper nouns need capital letters

25/02/2025

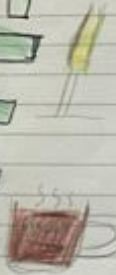
IC - Ruxukan

Maya beliefs

The Maya believed in a lot of Gods but there were 5 main gods. These are: Itzamna, Kukulcan, Gnum and the Maize god. When the Maya people died they would rise to the heavens (which had 13 levels) or the underworld (which had 9 levels). The 2 ways you can get into the heavens is by dying in battle being a priest or being sacrificed. 3 ways you can get in: 1. Having your head chopped off? 2. having your heart cut out. 3. or getting tied up and pushed down temple steps.

THE

What was life like long ago?



Maya daily life

Most Maya people lived in wooden huts houses they were not shaped with thatched roofs. It had a fire in the centre to cook and keep warm. The Maya ate a big variety of food like maize, beans, squash, corn, deer, monkey and lobster. They made a chocolate drink that was hot chilli flakes in and you got it when reached. 2. They got their food from hunting, fishing or farming.

Maya legacy

The Maya legacy is their writing and their maths. This is the symbol for zero below and they wrote 5 and 1 like this. They used hieroglyphs for writing like the Egyptians they had over 800 glyphs. They wrote in things called codices but they have only 4 left because the Spanish believed they were the devil's work so they burnt them.

They used your skin on codices with a pig brush.

their

Settlements and end of civilisation

The Maya settlements started in 1500 BCE and they moved to countries in the Mesoamerican. The Maya classic period was in 250 - 900 CE. For some reasons the Maya started to decline was over population, civil wars, drought and the Spanish conquistadors. The reason we don't know for certain is not enough evidence. The reason why we haven't much left much to find out much settlements is it that it's been overgrown by jungle.

M A X A



They used conch shells to make the astronomer to look into the stars.

The Maya used conch shells for ceremonies or to announce the priest.

An allat we for spear so good could through it further. They also had loggers and obsidian spears.

Cocoon is the Goddess of cocoon. Cocoon was important for wounds & drying, smoothing, dry skin and snake bites.

DID YOU KNOW!
The Maya played a version of football called pok-a-tok. You had to keep the ball moving and if it stopped the sun god will stop.



Year 5

1. Improve this sentence by adding the 'what'.

What vehicles do people travel in?



2. Improve this sentence by adding the 'what'.

What do cars produce?



3. How can we travel in a 'green' way?

it's good for the environment
walking
bicycles



pollution
congestion
buses
trains

environment



Families travel by cars around London.

Cars make pollution on the road.

it's good for the environment by walking
bicycles

Year 6

1. Use your atlas to create a key and accurately mark up and shade in the different biomes found in Africa



2. Then, use your atlas to find and accurately label these key physical features on your map.

Rivers	Mountains	Deserts	Bodies of water	Lines of latitude
The Nile River	Mount Kilimanjaro	Sahara Desert	Atlantic Ocean	The Equator
The Congo River	Mount Kenya	Kalahari Desert	Indian Ocean	The Tropic of Cancer
The Niger River	Atlas Mountains	Namib Desert	Mediterranean Sea	The Tropic of Capricorn

Year 6

Percentages

27/2/25

Percentages - find the whole amount - 27.02.25

1	'I am thinking of a number. 25% of my number is 30. What is the number I am thinking of?'	2	'I am thinking of a number. 75% of my number is 90. What is the number I am thinking of?'
3	'A farmer sells 25% of her sheep. She has 600 sheep left. How many sheep did she have to start with?'	4	'I have a length of rope. I cut off 20% of the rope. The remaining piece is 10m long. How long was the rope to start with?'
5	'30% of the seats at a cricket match are taken. So far, there are 750 people present. How many people will be there when all of the seats are filled?'	6	'So far, Adam has read 180 pages, or 60% of his book. How many pages are in Adam's book in total?'
7	'A pair of trainers is reduced by 25% in a sale. They now cost £36. What did they cost at full price?'	8	'90% of the runners in a race have crossed the finish line. There are still 12 runners on the course. How many runners took part altogether?'

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 100\% & 120 \\ 25\% & 30 \\ \hline 75\% & 90 \end{array}$$

The number is 120 ✓

2 The number is also 120 ✓

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 100\% & 800 \\ 25\% & 200 \\ \hline 75\% & 600 \end{array}$$

800 sheep were at the start ✓

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 100\% & ? \\ 80\% & 10m \\ \hline 20\% & 2.5m \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.2 \\ 5 \overline{) 12.0} \end{array}$$

The rope was 12.5m long to start with

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 30\% & 300 \\ 750 & 750 \\ \hline 750 & 750 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.5 \\ 100 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ 8 \overline{) 2000} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 750 \\ 750 \\ \hline 750 \\ 750 \\ \hline 3000 \\ 2 \end{array}$$

There will be 3000 people ✓

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 100\% & 300 \\ 60\% & 180 \\ \hline 40\% & 120 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.3 \\ 6 \overline{) 180} \end{array}$$

There are 300 pages in his book in total ✓

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 100\% & 48 \\ 75\% & 36 \\ \hline 25\% & 12 \end{array}$$

They cost £48 at their full price ✓